ECMWF – DESTINATION EARTH

DESTINE AND AI FOR FLOOD FORECASTING **AND ADAPTATION**

AI FOR PREPAREDNESS

Kun Yan, Senior Researcher Flood Forecasting, Deltares











Deltares

Independent Institute for Water and Subsurface Research

- Not-for-profit
- Applied research with leading software and state-of-the-art experimental facilities
- ~950 staff across diverse disciplines
- Global presence with offices in the Netherlands, Singapore, Vietnam, Indonesia, UAE, and the USA

Driving Smart Innovations

- Trusted knowledge partner of the **Dutch** government
- Dare to Share
- Specialized consultancy and tailored solutions worldwide









DELTARES' CONTRIBUTION TO DESTINE DRR

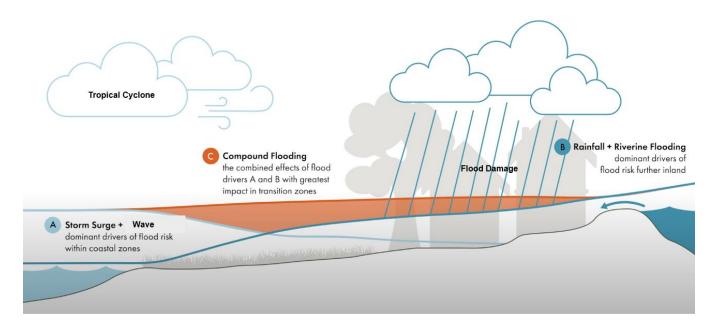
- DestinE related work
 - DE_370a Compound Flooding Demonstrator
 - DE_374d Global storm surge and compound flooding forecasting Pilot Service
 - DE_372 Adaptation Modelling Framework
- Al related work
 - Al Research programs at Deltares
 - Showcases





DE_370A - COMPOUND FLOODING DEMONSTATORS

- Focus on impact sector of Compound flooding
- DT demonstrators for climate adaptation and disaster mitigation
 - Five use cases: Humber estuary
 (UK), Reunion, Philippines, Basque (Spain), Caribbean
 Netherlands
 - User requirements via co-creation
 - Leverage Extremes DT and Climate DT data
- Connect to existing platforms/services
 - Yet flexible in models, forecast product, forcing, boundary condition used
 - Global to local approach
 - Connect to DEDL



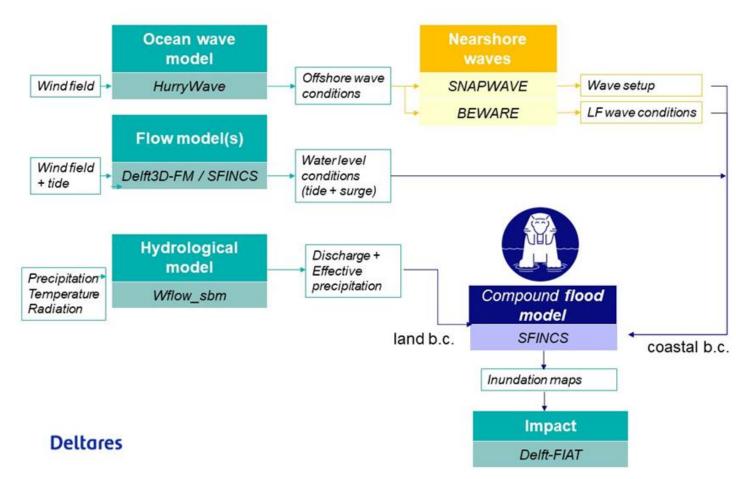
Credit: modified based on compound flooding research of The Water Institute





MODEL WORKFLOW

- Meteorological input from ECMWF: ERA5, IFS or Extremes DT
- Hydrological model WFLOW can be replaced by e.g. local, or GLOFAS
- Coastal hydrodynamics downscaled from GTSM, simulated by DFLOW-FM
- Offshore waves provided by Hurrywave regional and local models
- Flood extent simulated by SFINCS
- Impact estimated by Delft-FIAT

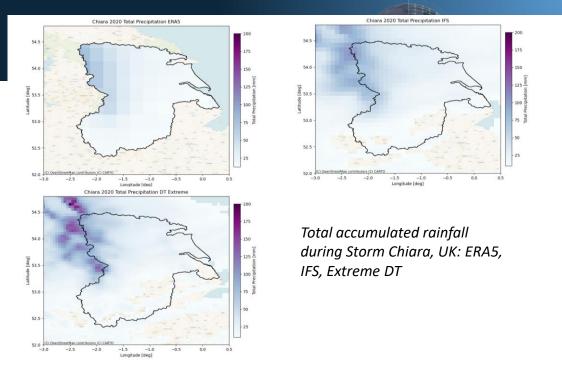


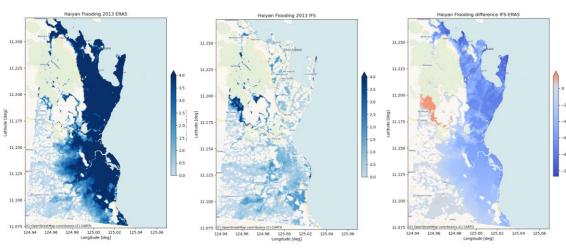


Story map

MAIN OUTCOME

- Will high resolution NWP of Extremes DT leads to improved flood impact simulation
 - It depends on flood drivers (rainfall, surge, wave, river), events, area of interest
- Recommendations
 - More validation with recent events, incl. TC
 - Include uncertainty
 - Explore AI based applications
 - Provide global consistent forecast under DestinE
 - Develop pilot services





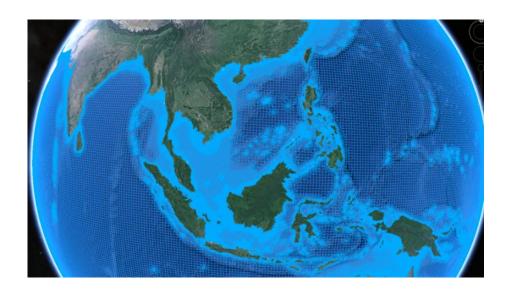
Flood maps for TC Haiyan near Tacloban Philippines: a) ERA5/IBTrACS; b) IFS; c) Difference;





DE_374D - FROM DEMONSTRATOR TO PILOT SERVICES

- Deploy pilot services to DestinE
 - Core service: Global storm surge, tide and currents forecasting
 - Downstream Service One: Compound flood forecasting in Philippines
 - Downstream Service Two: Global shipping routes optimization







CORE PILOT SERVICE

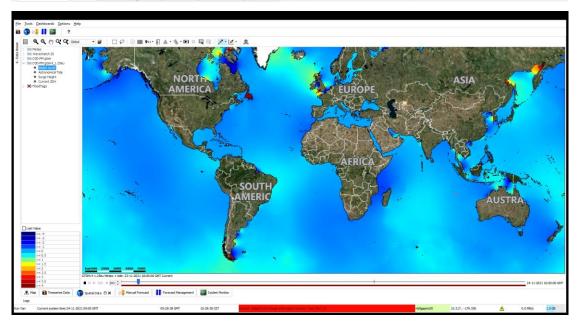
- Global Storm Surge Information System GLOSSIS
 - Forecast global storm surge, tide and currents
 - Provides inputs to downstream services
 - Connect to Extremes DT global high-res NWP
 - Deploy in DestinE Data Lake (**DEDL**)
 - Dissemination on DestinE Service Platform (DESP)
 - Forecast validation/verification
 - Support & maintenance













DOWNSTREAM SERVICE - COMPOUND FLOOD PHILIPPINES

- Compound flood forecasting pilot service
 - Global2local: connect to GLOSSIS & GLOFAS
 - Support humanitarian & anticipatory actions
 - Expand to three flood prone regions in Philippines
 - Based on compound flood framework
 - Service co-design via user engagement
 - Visualization & dissemination via Impact-based forecasting platform of Red Cross



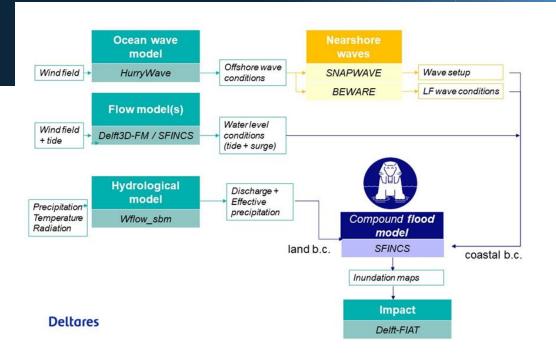


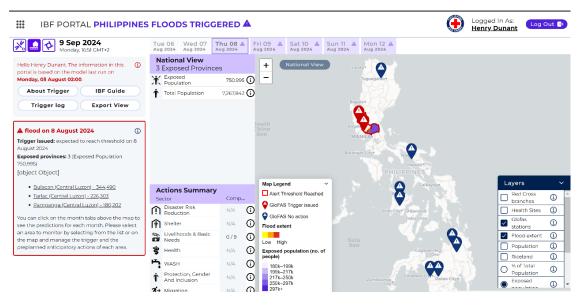












DE372 - OBJECTIVE

Develop a Generic Adaptation Modelling Framework for Destination Earth that supports community resilience globally

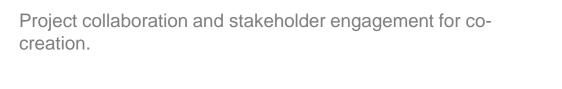
Motivation

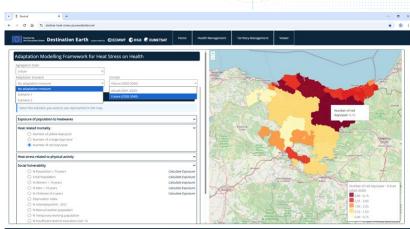
Adaptation modelling is often a bottleneck for adaptation planning

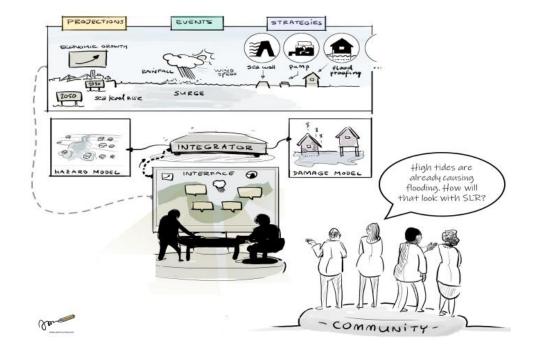
Description

- Design a flexible, modular, expandable and transferable framework that can be used across sectors and disciplines
- Demonstrate applicability via flood risk & heat stress cases

Users involved

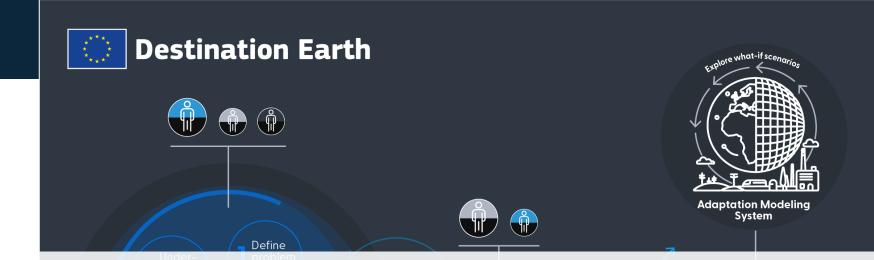








FINAL VERSION



What is it?

- A process guide offering explicit step-by-step guidance to build quantitative tools or services for decision-makers to formulate and implement adaptation strategies.
- A link to Destination Earth data and services supporting the development and implementation of quantitative tools or services.

Who is it for?

Technical users, e.g. researchers, engineers, developers, consultants





ECMWF - DESTINATION EARTH

Destination Earth supports Phase 1 by providing data & visualisation tools for end-users and developers to collaboratively scope their adaptation modelling system





Destination Earth supports Phase 2 by providing the data, tools, and computing infrastructure needed to co-develop, integrate, and validate flexible climate adaptation models tailored to user needs.



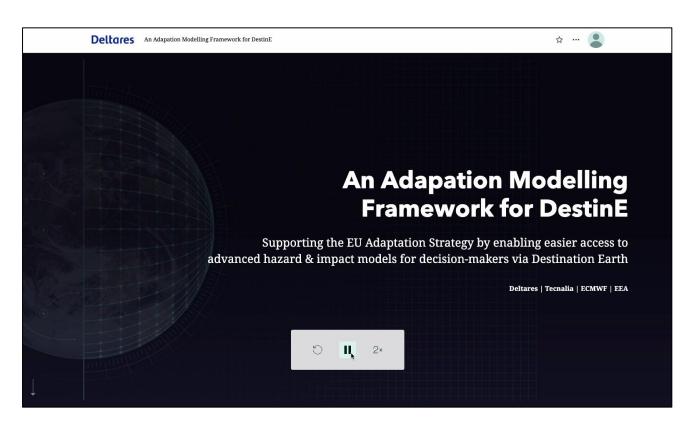




STORYMAP

A guide to building climate adaptation modelling systems with DestinE

- Provides an overview of the Generic Adaptation Modelling Framework
 - Describes its purpose, target audience and the adaptation modelling system development process
 - Links to relevant Destination Earth services and data supporting the development and implementation
 - Demonstration use cases for Flood Risk
 Management and Heat Stress and Health





← Check out the storymap here!



AI/ML AT DELTARES

- Al/ML is a powerful enabler to increase our impact if used responsibly
- We recognize the transformative potential of AI/ML for modelling, forecasting, and decision support.
- Trust and transparency are essential we advocate for Trustworthy and Explainable AI, and account for legal and ethical aspects (e.g., auditing, traceability, registration).
- Current standards and best practices for AI use in applied water/climate projects are still emerging.
- Key technical development include:
 - Emulator and hybrid modelling
 - Reanalysis datasets
 - Al-ready data pipelines and workflow automation (model training, operational forecasting)
 - Expert Knowledge Integration & **LLM** Upscaling (DeltaChat, FEWS Chat, Inventory of flood measures)
 - EO data extraction





AI FOR IMPROVING FLOOD FORECASTING

- Goal 2025:
 - End-to-End Al-based Flood Forecast Demonstrators
 - Aim at TRL 7 (pilot, demonstration)
 - From research to operational pilots
- From Weather to hazard
 - Integrate ECMWF AIFS
 - AI-downscaled NWP
- From EO to flood forecasting
 - Fuse SAR & optical EO and SFINCS flood maps
- From Rivers to Coasts
 - Hydrological, coastal hydrodynamics and flood inundation
- From process-based model to Emulators
 - Develop WFLOW, DFLOW, SFINCS fast AI emulators
- From post-processing to uncertainty estimation



Image created with Microsoft Copilot using input terms: "artificial intelligence", "flooding" and "forecasting"





APPLICATION OF AI FOR WATER MANAGEMENT - BOOK



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CECMWF Deltares

Introduction - History of Artificial Intelligence

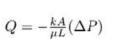
1 st Paradigm Empirism 2nd Paradigm
Theoretical
science

3rd Paradigm Computational science

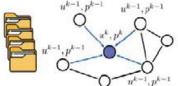
4th Paradigm
Data-driven
science



$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial t} + (\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{u} = -\nabla w + \nu \nabla^2 \mathbf{u} + \mathbf{g}$$







1600s

1700s

1800s

1900s

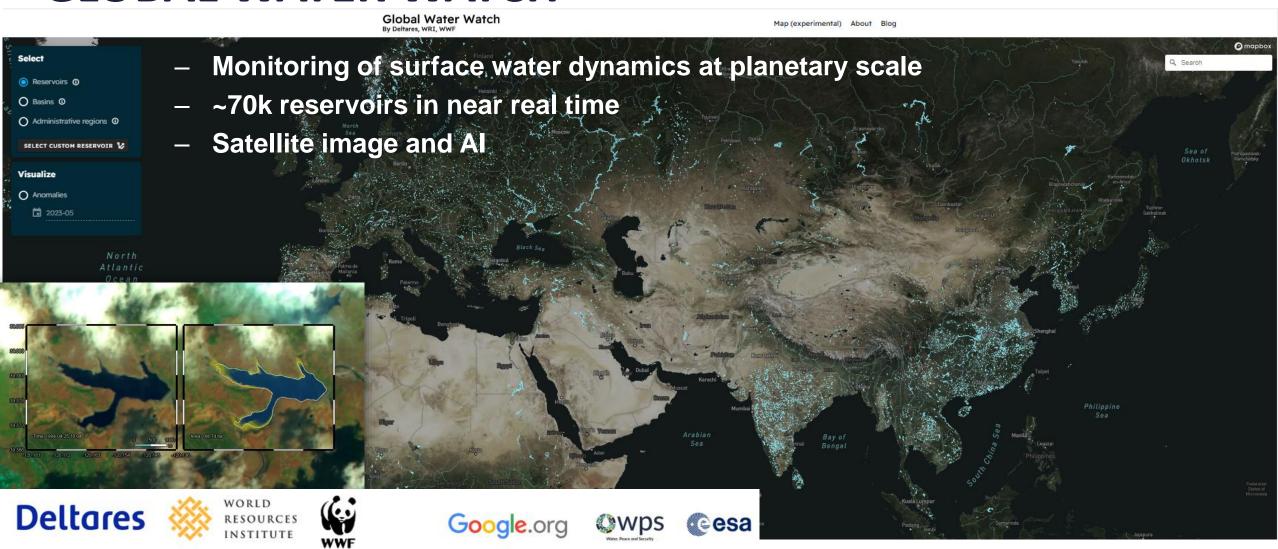
2000s

2024s

- Part 2 Overview of relevant Al concepts and techniques
- Part 3 The application of AI in water management
 - 3.1. Water Resources Management
 - 3.2. Water Risk Management
 - 3.3. Climate Change, Adaptation and Resilience Building
 - 3.4. Water Quality Management

Part 4 - Ethics and responsible Al for Water Management

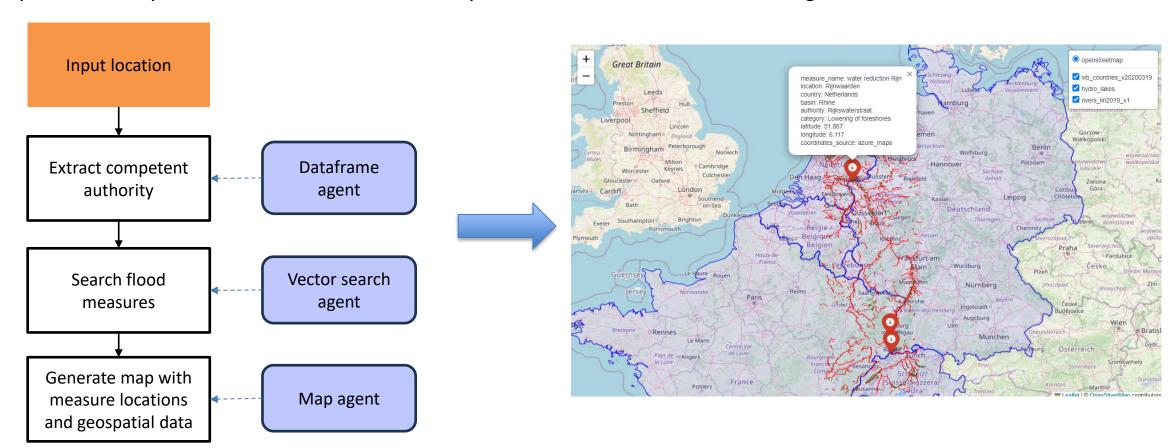
GLOBAL WATER WATCH





AGENTIC WORKFLOW – INVENTORY OF FLOOD MEASURES

Develop an inventory of flood measures conducted by authorities at various levels in large catchment







THANK YOU!

CONTACT: KUN.YAN@DELTARES.NL











